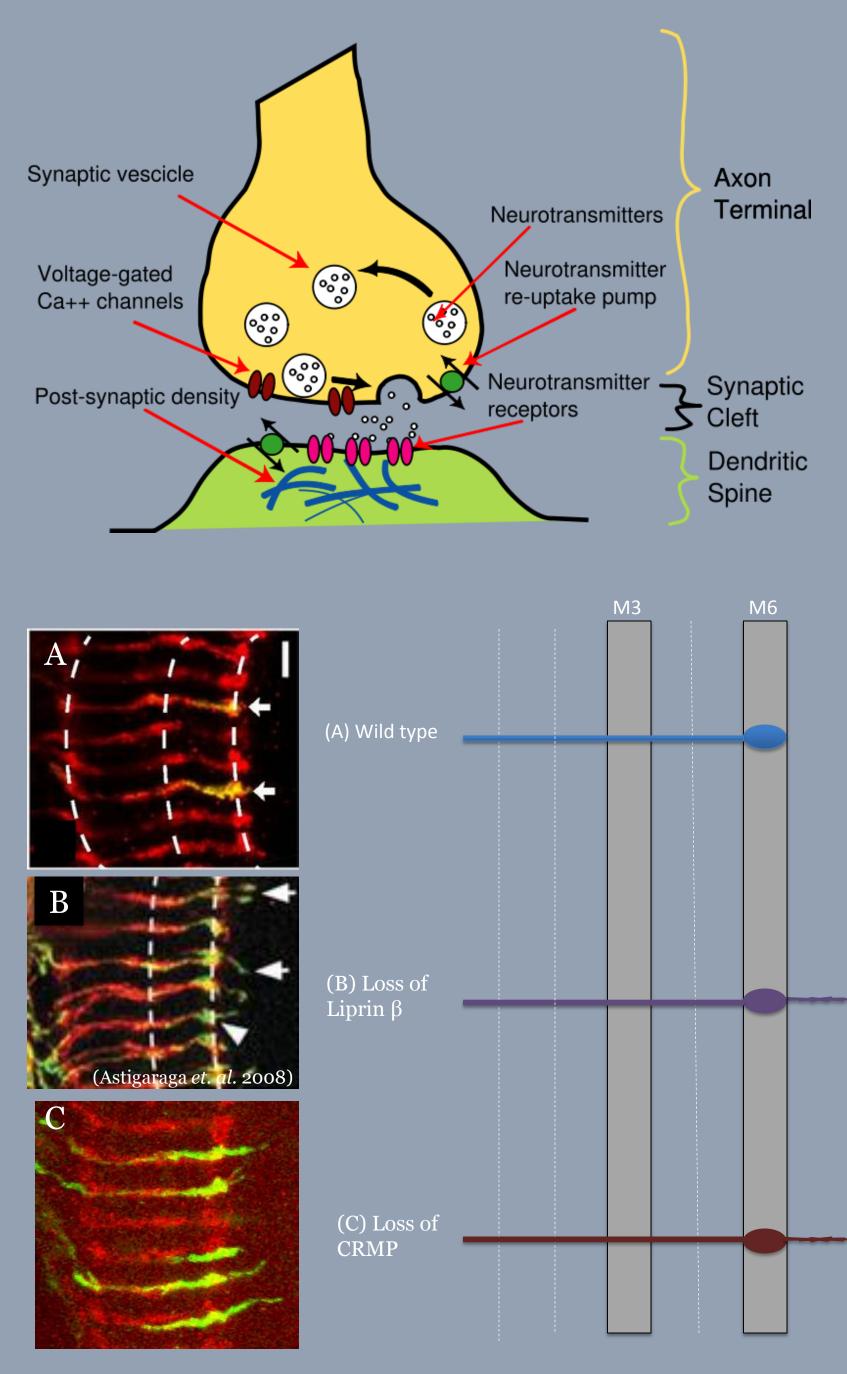


Background

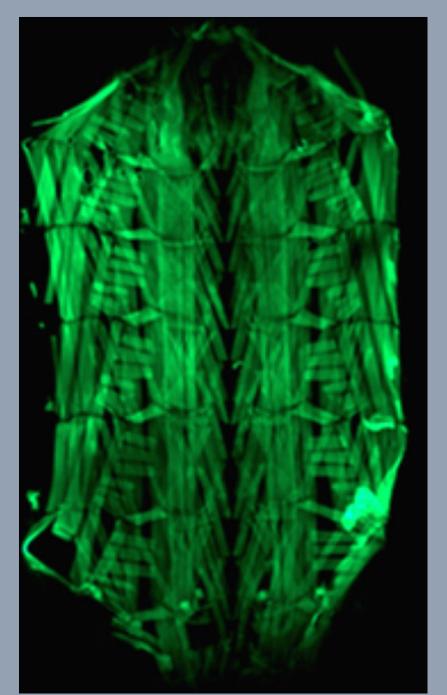


- Proper synapse formation is required for a functional nervous system to develop.
- The conserved Liprin β is necessary for pre-synaptic stability and growth in R7 photoreceptors and at the neuromuscular junction.
- In a genetic screen, loss of the protein CRMP was found to cause R7 axons to extend past their target layer in the medulla, similar to the loss of Liprin β .

Is CRMP necessary for pre-synaptic development?

Methods

Immunohistochemistry on neuromuscular junctions (NMJs)



- Dissected *Drosophila* larval L3 pelts to reveal muscles.
- Stained larval pelts for neurons and muscles.

• Bouton number at muscle 4 was quantified blind then normalized to muscle size. Experiments were performed on two *CRMP* trans-hetrozygous mutant stocks and a wild-type control.

The Role of CRMP in Synapse Formation in Drosophila

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Methods Continued

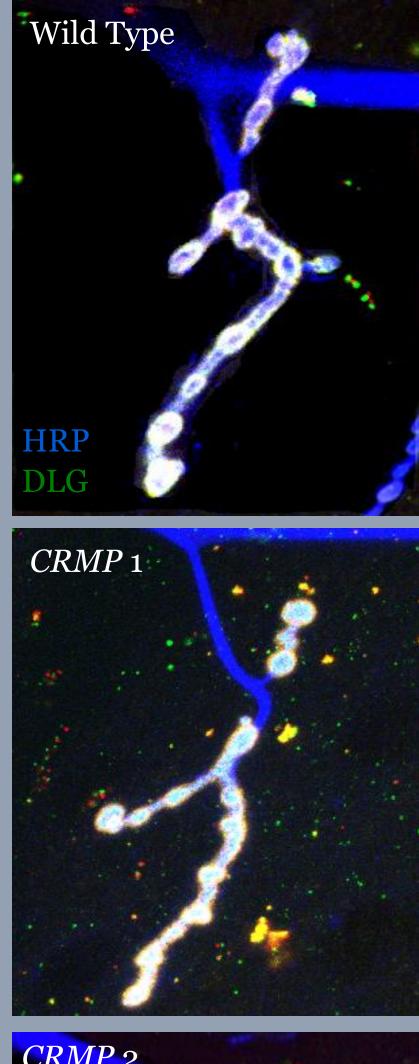
Electroretinograms (ERGs)

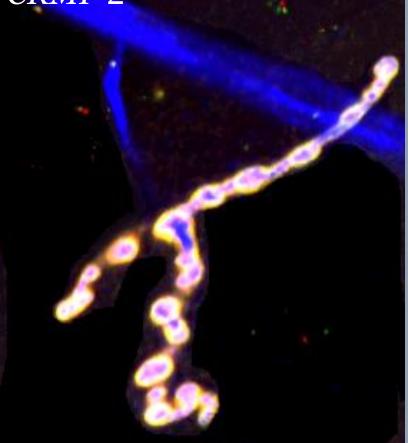


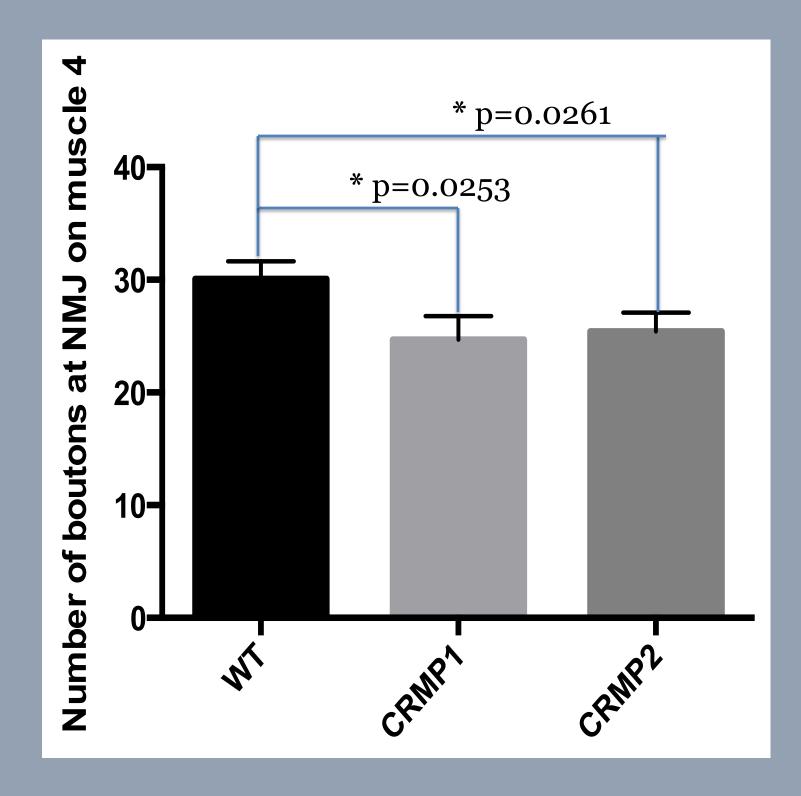
- functionality.
- and eye.

Results

CRMP NMJs have reduced bouton number







- required for proper pre-synaptic development.

• Electroretinograms test photoreceptor

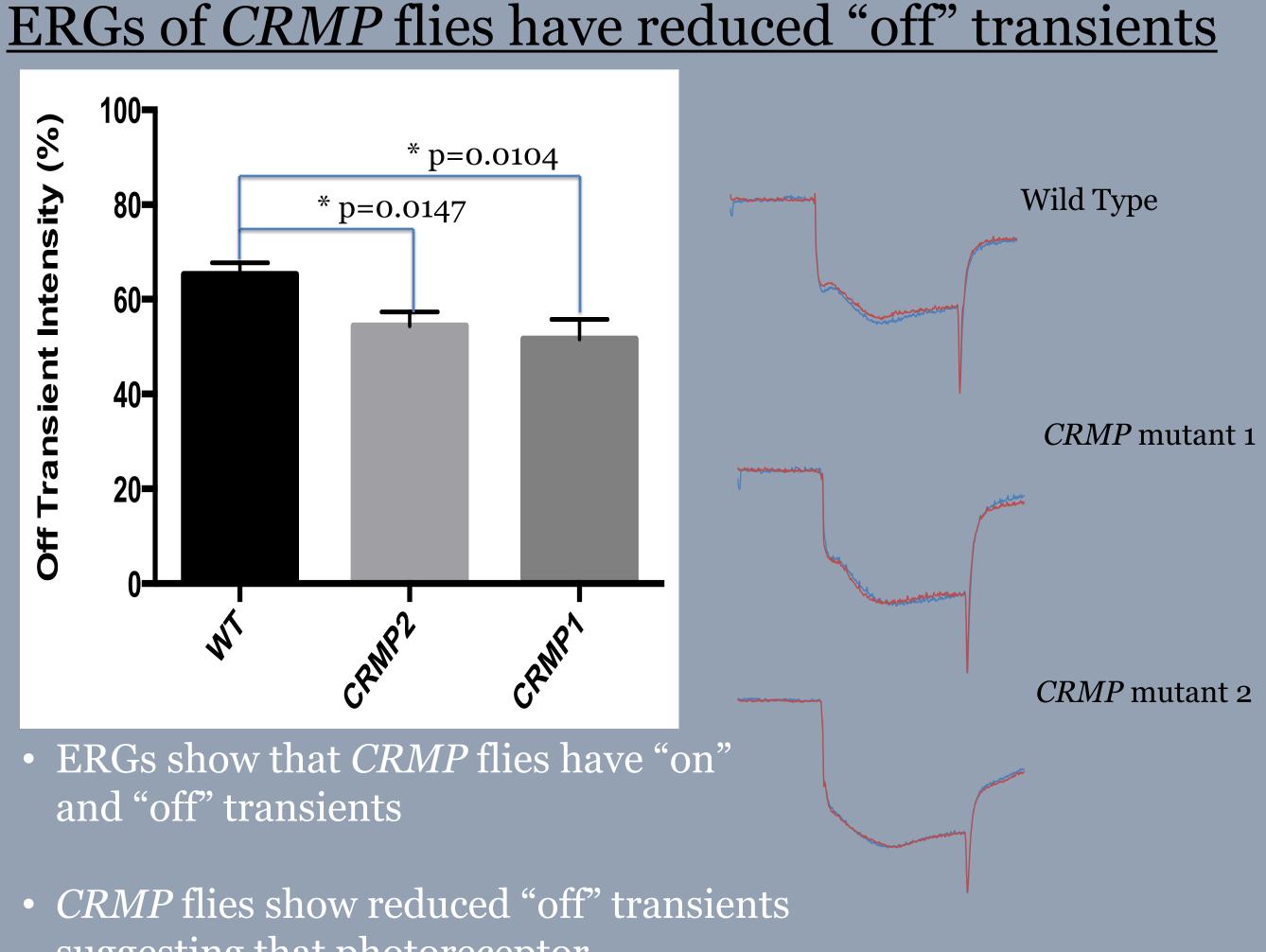
• Inserted electrodes into the fly's shoulder

• Measured "off" transient voltage which was normalized to receptor potential.

• Both *crmp* mutants show a significant reduction in bouton number (n=12).

• Although *CRMP* larvae have normal locomotory activity, they have fewer boutons at the neuromuscular junction. This supports the hypothesis that CRMP is

Results Continued



- suggesting that photoreceptor functionality is decreased.

Future Directions

• CRMP has been shown to interact with N-type calcium channels therefore we will observe calcium channel localization at the NMJ and photoreceptors.

• Electrophysiology experiments in the muscle will be performed to detect NMJ synaptic functionality defects.

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Acknowledgements



•NSF REU BIO 1063144 •SPUR – Peter O'Day, Adam Unger - University of Oregon •The Herman Lab •The O'Day Lab



References

